

PT beans and produced in large quantities using yeast and bacterial expression vectors
 PS Claim 4; Fig 2; 59pp; English.
 CC The inventors claim a 67 kD and 31 kD T. cacao protein, and fragments, and encoding DNAs. The 47 kD and 31 kD proteins are derived from the 67 kD precursor. T. cacao protein cDNA was detected in a cDNA library prepared from immature cocoa beans RNA using a probe based on the AA sequence of a CNBR peptide common to the 47 kD and 31 kD polypeptides. Homology searches revealed close CC homologues between the 67 kD polypeptide and the vicilins, which are CC seed storage proteins.
 SQ Sequence 566 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 471; DB 1; Length 566;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1,72e-38;
 Matches 60; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Db 81 LOROVOCGRCEQDQGGREDDQCCQKRCWEYKEDEGEHNYHNHKKNRSEEGQOR 140
 QY 81 LOROVOCGRCEQDQGGREDDQCCQKRCWEYKEDEGEHNYHNHKKNRSEEGQOR 140

RESULT 3
 ID W62832 standard; Protein: 590 AA.
 AC W62832;
 DT 27-OCT-1998 (first entry)
 DE Gossypium hirsutum antimicrobial protein.
 KW antimicrobial protein; infestation; control.
 OS Gossypium hirsutum.
 PN W09827805-A1.
 PD 02-JUL-1998.
 PF 22-DEC-1997; AU0874.
 PR 20-DEC-1996; AU-004275.
 PA (RETR-) COOP RES CENT TROPICAL PLANT PATHOLOGY.
 PI Bower NI, Goulter KC, Green JL, Manners JM, Marcus JP;
 DR WPI: 98-377279/32.
 PT Novel anti-microbial protein from e.g. Macadamia integrifolia -
 useful for controlling microbial infestations of plants or mammals
 PS Claim 1; Page 49-51; 96pp; English.
 CC The sequence is that of an antimicrobial protein which can be used to control microbial infestations in plants and mammalian CC animals.
 SQ Sequence 590 AA;

Query Match 38.4%; Score 181; DB 1; Length 590;
 Best Local Similarity 39.0%; Pred. No. 7,42e-09;
 Matches 23; Conservative 16; Mismatches 18; Indels 2; Gaps 2;

Db 121 OROFOCQCHQOEGRPEKKOCVRECKEYQENPWGREGREAEFEETEEGEQOSH 179
 QY 82 OROFOCQCHQOEGRPEKKOCVRECKEYQENPWGREGREAEFEETEEGEQOSH 138

RESULT 4
 ID W62829 standard; Protein: 666 AA.
 AC W62829;
 DT 27-OCT-1998 (first entry)
 DE Macadamia integrifolia antimicrobial protein.
 KW antimicrobial protein; infestation; control.
 OS Macadamia integrifolia.
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Peptide 1..28
 FT /note= "signal peptide"
 FT Protein 29..666
 FT /note= "mature protein"
 PN W09827805-A1.
 PD 02-JUL-1998.
 PF 22-DEC-1997; AU0874.
 PR 20-DEC-1996; AU-004275.
 PA (RETR-) COOP RES CENT TROPICAL PLANT PATHOLOGY.
 PI Bower NI, Goulter KC, Green JL, Manners JM, Marcus JP;
 DR WPI: 98-377279/32.
 DR N-PSDB; V42311.

PT Novel anti-microbial protein from e.g. Macadamia integrifolia -
 useful for controlling microbial infestations of plants or mammals
 PS Claim 1; Page 39-41; 96pp; English.
 CC The sequence is that of an antimicrobial protein which can be used to control microbial infestations in plants and mammalian CC animals.
 SQ Sequence 666 AA;

Query Match 37.6%; Score 177; DB 1; Length 666;
 Best Local Similarity 39.0%; Pred. No. 1,82e-08;
 Matches 23; Conservative 19; Mismatches 14; Indels 3; Gaps 3;

Db 191 GREYEDCRRRC-EGQE-PROQHCQLRCREDOQRHGRGG-DLINDRGSGRYEEGEQ 246
 QY 82 GREYEDCRRRC-EGQE-PROQHCQLRCREDOQRHGRGG-DLINDRGSGRYEEGEQ 140

RESULT 5
 ID W62828 standard; Protein: 666 AA.
 AC W62828;
 DT 27-OCT-1998 (first entry)
 DE Macadamia integrifolia antimicrobial protein.
 KW antimicrobial protein; infestation; control.
 OS Macadamia integrifolia.
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Peptide 1..28
 FT /note= "signal peptide"
 FT Protein 29..666
 FT /note= "mature protein"
 PN W09827805-A1.
 PD 02-JUL-1998.
 PF 22-DEC-1997; AU0874.
 PR 20-DEC-1996; AU-004275.
 PA (RETR-) COOP RES CENT TROPICAL PLANT PATHOLOGY.
 PI Bower NI, Goulter KC, Green JL, Manners JM, Marcus JP;
 DR WPI: 98-377279/32.
 PT Novel anti-microbial protein from e.g. Macadamia integrifolia -
 useful for controlling microbial infestations of plants or mammals
 PS Claim 1; Page 34-36; 96pp; English.
 CC The sequence is that of an antimicrobial protein which can be used to control microbial infestations in plants and mammalian CC animals.
 SQ Sequence 666 AA;

Query Match 36.1%; Score 170; DB 1; Length 666;
 Best Local Similarity 40.7%; Pred. No. 8,66e-08;
 Matches 24; Conservative 14; Mismatches 18; Indels 3; Gaps 3;

Db 191 GREYEDCRRRC-EGQE-PROQHCQLRCREDOQRHGRGG-DLINDRGSGRYEEGEQ 247
 QY 82 GREYEDCRRRC-EGQE-PROQHCQLRCREDOQRHGRGG-DLINDRGSGRYEEGEQ 139

RESULT 6
 ID W62830 standard; Protein: 625 AA.
 AC W62830;
 DT 27-OCT-1998 (first entry)
 DE Macadamia integrifolia antimicrobial protein.
 KW antimicrobial protein; infestation; control.
 OS Macadamia integrifolia.
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Peptide 1..28
 FT /note= "signal peptide"
 FT Protein 29..666
 FT /note= "mature protein"
 PN W09827805-A1.
 PD 02-JUL-1998.
 PF 22-DEC-1997; AU0874.
 PR 20-DEC-1996; AU-004275.
 PA (RETR-) COOP RES CENT TROPICAL PLANT PATHOLOGY.
 PI Bower NI, Goulter KC, Green JL, Manners JM, Marcus JP;
 DR WPI: 98-377279/32.

[illegible]

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PR      22-AUG-1997: US-056889.
PR      22-AUG-1997: US-056892.
PR      22-AUG-1997: US-056893.
PR      22-AUG-1997: US-056894.
PR      22-AUG-1997: US-056903.
PR      22-AUG-1997: US-056908.
PR      22-AUG-1997: US-056909.
PR      22-AUG-1997: US-056910.
PR      22-AUG-1997: US-056911.
PR      05-SEP-1997: US-057650.
PR      05-SEP-1997: US-057659.
PR      05-SEP-1997: US-057761.
PR      12-SEP-1997: US-058785.
PA      (HUMA-) HUMAN GENOME SCI INC.
PI      Bednatrik DP, Brewer LA, Carter KC, Duan R, Edner R, Endress GA,
PI      Feng P, Ferrie AM, Fischer CL, Florence KA, Greene JM, Hu JS,
PI      K'yan H, Latifur DW, Li Y, Moore PA, Ni J, Olsen HS, Rosen CA,
PI      Ruben SM, Shi Y, Scoppet DR, Young PE, Yu GL, Zeng Z;
DR      WPI: 98-506364/43.
DR      N-RSDS: V59583..
PT      New isolated human genes and the secreted polypeptide(s) they encode
PT      - useful for diagnosis and treatment of e.g. cancers, neurological
PS      disorders, immune diseases, inflammation or blood disorders
PS      Claim 1: Page 583-584; 721pp: English.
CC      This sequence represents a secreted human protein encoded by the nucleic
CC      acid molecule designated Gene 73 from the human cDNA clone HSQEL25
CC      (deposited as clone ATCC 97900 and ATCC 209046).
CC      The gene can be used to generate fusion proteins by linking to the gene
CC      cc to a human immunoglobulin Fc portion (e.g. V59502) for increasing the
CC      stability of the fused protein as compared to the human protein only.
CC      The invention relates to 186 novel genes and their fragments (nucleic
CC      acid sequences: V59511-V59812; amino acid sequences W4731-W5026) which
CC      are useful for preventing, treating or ameliorating medical conditions
CC      e.g. by protein or gene therapy. Also, pathological conditions can be
CC      diagnosed by determining the amount of the new polypeptides in a sample
CC      or by determining the presence of mutations in the new polynucleotides.
CC      Specific uses are described for each of the 186 polynucleotides, based on
CC      which tissues they are most highly expressed in (see V59511 for describe
SQ      Sequence 521 AA:

Query Match          21.0% Score 99: DB 1: Length 521:
Best Local Similarity 23.3% Pred. No. 3.47e-01:
Matches   14: Conservative    24: Mismatches 21: Indels   1: Gaps   1:

Db       429 ERVRYREYARCYERHRNARSKEKEERERRRHRKERTRKHSRSNSRRRHSEEGDSHRR 488
        :|:::| |:::|:::|:::|:::|:::|:::|:::|:::|:::|:::|:::|:::|:::|:::|
Cy       82 QR-QYGCGQRGCEQQDQGCRGGQRCORCKCMQEKEDGEREHENHNHKKNRSEEDEGGR 140

RESULT  11
ID       W95073 standard; Protein: 86 AA.
AC       W95073:
DT       20-MAY-1999 (first entry)
KB       GST-HD fusion protein GST-HS51DELFP.
KM       Amyloid-like fibril; protein aggregate; inhibitor; inclusion body;
KW       polyglutamine expansion; Huntington's disease; Alzheimer's disease; HD;
KW       Parkinson's disease; spinal; bulbar muscular atrophy; type II diabetes;
KW       systemic amyloidosis; spherocerbellar ataxia; kuru; familial insomnia;
KW       bovine spongiform encephalopathy; kuru; scrapie; GST-HD; fusion protein.
OS       Synthetic.
OS       Homo sapiens.
OS       Homo sapiens.
FH       Key Location/Qualifiers
FT       Misc_difference 1
FT                                     /note="this residue is connected to a GST protein
FT                                     which is not indicated in the sequence"
FN       WC09906838-A2.
PD       11-FEB-1999.
PE       31-JUL-1998: E04810.
PR       01-AUG-1997: EP-113320.
PA       (PLAC ) MAX PLANCK GES FOERDERUNG WISSENSCHAFTEN.
PA       Bates G, Lehnach H, Scherzinger E, Wanke E;
RI       WPI: 99-153955/13.
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PT Detecting amyloid-like fibrils or protein aggregates insoluble in
PT detergent or urea - from their retention on a filter, used for
PT diagnosis, particularly of diseases associated with polyglutamine
PT expansion
PS Disclosure: Fig 8; 56pp; English.
CC The invention relates to the detection of amyloid-like fibrils or protein
CC aggregates, insoluble in detergents or urea. The method comprises: (a)
CC applying material suspected of containing protein aggregates to a filter;
CC and (b) detecting retention of protein aggregates on the filter. This
CC method also helps to identify inhibitors of protein aggregates formation.
CC The method is particularly used to detect protein aggregates that are
CC indicative of disease, for assessing onset or progression of the
CC diseases. The inhibitors identified are potential therapeutic agents for
CC treating the diseases. Other applications include detection of inclusion
CC bodies in bacteria and to study kinetics of aggregate formation. Diseases
CC associated with polyglutamine expansion are particularly diagnosed, e.g.
CC Huntington's, Alzheimer's or Parkinson's diseases; spinal and bulbar
CC muscular atrophy; spinocerebellar ataxia; systemic amyloidosis; type II
CC diabetes; bovine spongiform encephalopathy; kuru; familial insomnia;
CC scrapie. The protein aggregates can now be detected simply, routinely and
CC rapidly, without requiring sophisticated equipment. The method can be
CC made quantitative, by analysing a series of dilutions, and can be
CC automated to allow many samples to be analysed on the same filter.
CC Sequences W95072-75 represent GST-HD fusion proteins.
SQ Sequence 86 AA;
DB 22 KSF0000000000000000-000--000000000000000000000000 75
OY 83 RQY00 139
Query Match 20.4%; Score 96; DB 1; Length 86;
Best Local Similarity 28.1%; Pred. No. 6.36e-01;
Matches 16; Conservative 21; Mismatches 17; Indels 3; Gaps 2;
RESULT 12
ID W95078 standard; Protein; 86 AA.
AC W95078;
DT 20-MAY-1999 (first entry)
DE GST-HD fusion protein GST-HD51DELPI.
KW Fusion protein; amyloidogenic polypeptide; amyloid-like fibril; scrapie;
KW protein aggregate; Alzheimer's disease; CAG-repeat expansion; spinal;
KW Huntington's disease; bulbar muscular atrophy; spinocerebellar ataxia;
KW dentatorubral pallidoluysian atrophy; Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease; enzyme;
KW GST-HD; HD.
OS Synthetic.
OS Homo sapiens.
FH Homo sapiens.
FT Key Location/Qualifiers
FT MISC-difference 1 /note- "this residue is connected to a GST protein
FT which is not indicated in the sequence"
FT W0906545-A2.
PD 11-FEB-1999.
PF 31-JUL-1998; E04811.
PR 01-AUG-1997; EP-113306.
PA (PLAC) MAX PLANCK GES FOERDERUNG WISSENSCHAFTEN.
PI Bates G, Lehnach H, Scherzinger E, Wanker E;
DR WPI: 99-153775/13.
PT Composition containing fusion protein that includes amyloidogenic
PT peptide - able to self-assemble into fibrils or aggregates, used to
PT detect and monitor neuronal diseases, and also to screen for
PT therapeutic inhibitors
PS Disclosure: Fig 8; 62pp; English.
CC The invention relates to a composition comprising a fusion protein of (i)
CC (poly)peptide that increases solubility and/or prevents aggregation of
CC fusion protein, and (ii) amyloidogenic (poly)peptide that can self-
CC assemble into amyloid-like fibrils or protein aggregates. Host cells
CC transformed with a vector containing the nucleic acid encoding the fusion
CC protein are used for the recombinant expression of the fusion protein.
CC The composition is used to detect onset and progression of diseases
CC associated with fibrils/protein aggregates. It is potentially useful for
CC treatment of such diseases (e.g. Alzheimer's disease, scrapie or CAG-
CC repeat expansion conditions such as Huntington's disease (HD), spinal and

CC bulbar muscular atrophy, dentatorubral pallidoluysian atrophy,
CC spinocerebellar ataxia, Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease). Assay methods based on
CC release of the amyloidogenic polypeptide from fusion protein have a
CC precise starting time for aggregate formation, allowing kinetic
CC measurements, and use of an enzyme for cleavage allows testing under
CC physiological conditions. Sequences W95077-80 represent GST-HD fusion
CC proteins.
SQ Sequence 86 AA;
DB 22 KSF0000000000000000-000--000000000000000000000000 75
OY 83 RQY00 139
Query Match 20.4%; Score 96; DB 1; Length 86;
Best Local Similarity 28.1%; Pred. No. 6.36e-01;
Matches 16; Conservative 21; Mismatches 17; Indels 3; Gaps 2;
RESULT 13
ID W95075 standard; Protein; 94 AA.
AC W95075;
DT 20-MAY-1999 (first entry)
DE GST-HD fusion protein GST-HD51DELPI.
KW Amyloid-like fibril; protein aggregate; inhibitor; inclusion body;
KW polyglutamine expansion; Huntington's disease; Alzheimer's disease; HD;
KW Parkinson's disease; spinal; bulbar muscular atrophy; type II diabetes;
KW systemic amyloidosis; spinocerebellar ataxia; kuru; familial insomnia;
KW bovine spongiform encephalopathy; kuru; scrapie; GST-HD; fusion protein.
OS Synthetic.
OS Homo sapiens.
FH Homo sapiens.
FT Key Location/Qualifiers
FT MISC-difference 1 /note- "this residue is connected to a GST protein
FT which is not indicated in the sequence"
FT W0906838-A2.
PD 11-FEB-1999.
PF 31-JUL-1998; E04810.
PR 01-AUG-1997; EP-113320.
PA (PLAC) MAX PLANCK GES FOERDERUNG WISSENSCHAFTEN.
PI Bates G, Lehnach H, Scherzinger E, Wanker E;
DR WPI: 99-153955/13.
PT Detecting amyloid-like fibrils or protein aggregates insoluble in
PT detergent or urea - from their retention on a filter, used for
PT diagnosis, particularly of diseases associated with polyglutamine
PT expansion
PS Disclosure: Fig 8; 56pp; English.
CC The invention relates to the detection of amyloid-like fibrils or protein
CC aggregates, insoluble in detergents or urea. The method comprises: (a)
CC applying material suspected of containing protein aggregates to a filter;
CC and (b) detecting retention of protein aggregates on the filter. This
CC method also helps to identify inhibitors of protein aggregates formation.
CC The method is particularly used to detect protein aggregates that are
CC indicative of disease, for assessing onset or progression of the
CC diseases. The inhibitors identified are potential therapeutic agents for
CC treating the diseases. Other applications include detection of inclusion
CC bodies in bacteria and to study kinetics of aggregate formation. Diseases
CC associated with polyglutamine expansion are particularly diagnosed, e.g.
CC Huntington's, Alzheimer's or Parkinson's diseases; spinal and bulbar
CC muscular atrophy; spinocerebellar ataxia; systemic amyloidosis; type II
CC diabetes; bovine spongiform encephalopathy; kuru; familial insomnia;
CC scrapie. The protein aggregates can now be detected simply, routinely and
CC rapidly, without requiring sophisticated equipment. The method can be
CC made quantitative, by analysing a series of dilutions, and can be
CC automated to allow many samples to be analysed on the same filter.
CC Sequences W95072-75 represent GST-HD fusion proteins.
SQ Sequence 94 AA;
DB 22 KSF0000000000000000-000--000000000000000000000000 75
OY 83 RQY00 139
Query Match 20.4%; Score 96; DB 1; Length 94;
Best Local Similarity 28.1%; Pred. No. 6.36e-01;
Matches 16; Conservative 21; Mismatches 17; Indels 3; Gaps 2;

